

# The Daily Gazetteer.

SATURDAY, APRIL 14 1739.

Nº 1188.

To the DAILY GAZETTEER.

S I R,



THE Craftsman of the 7th Instant, has promised the Publick, — That, at a proper Opportunity, certain Gentlemen, who are out of the Ministry, (and who at present are out of the House) will vindicate themselves, and make the People understand the Reasonableness of their late Conduct.

The Publick has seen something of this kind already, under the Title of, *An Inquiry into the Fitness of attending Parliament.*

The Author of this Pamphlet, though it is plain he published it with a View to prevail with certain Gentlemen to return to the Service of their Country, very artfully intermixes with his Argument, those very Reasons which these Gentlemen have already given out to justify their late Conduct; and which will, I may venture to say, make up the whole of their Vindication, which the Craftsman has promised will be made publick at a proper Opportunity.

Who the Author of *The Fitness, &c.* should be, I find the People are greatly divided in their Opinions.

If I may be allowed my Conjecture, I think their is but One Man, who would have expressed the Duty or Obligation of Members to attend, and their absenting themselves, by those peculiar Words, *Fitness and Seccession*; and that this Man was the Author of the *Dissertation upon Parties*.

I dare say the Gentlemen in the Seccession know the Person I speak of, to be the Author of that Pamphlet; not that I believe he consulted them in it, any more than they have of late advised with him:

Neither do I think they are at all pleased with his Performance; as they will, I fear, find it no easy Task to answer the Reasons he has given against deserting their Stations; and, as it is plain, from the whole Tenour of that Pamphlet, that whoever the Author is, he would not have advised the fatal Step.

The Whole is work'd up with the utmost Art and Address, to prevail with those Gentlemen to return to their Duty; nothing is omitted that can be said to persuade and terrify them to a Compliance.

There are two Points which he has labour'd very much, and which, it cannot be thought, he is in earnest in what he says; the one, That he is in Pain lest the People should be seduced by the Seccession of so many wise Men, — 'to attempt to save themselves'; the other, lest the Government should be provok'd — 'to vindicate itself.'

But, I believe, he need be in no manner of Panick, that either of these will be the Consequence of the Seccession.

The People will hardly be persuaded, 'to save themselves,' as the Cant Phrase is, till such Time as they feel Oppression; which they have not done yet, nor, I dare venture to say, ever will do under this Administration.

The Government will hardly think there is any great Occasion, 'to vindicate itself,' because thirty or forty angry Men have very wisely resolved to come no more to a certain Assembly.

I know I shall be thought by many greatly to lessen their Number; but when the proper Deduction is made out of the Two hundred and Thirty; — of those, who never could be suspected to have a Thought of going into such a wild, senseless, illegal Project; — of those, who are really the Friends of these thirty or forty wise Men, but, to the very great Shame and Reproach of such wise Men, 'continue regularly discharging their Duty to their Country;' — and, in the last Place, of those, who, according to their laudable, anniversary Custom, either never appear, or immediately return to their Country Sports, as soon as the Rod is removed from over their Heads, I mean, when the Call is over, and, who most certainly absented themselves in the very same manner, had the Seccession never been projected; — who does not see, that,

when these Deductions are made, their will scarce forty, perhaps not thirty, be left, who can be said to be in this formidable Seccession.

And would it not be a wise Measure in the Government, to suffer themselves, as the Author of *The Fitness, &c.* well expresses it, 'to be rashly hurried into the unnecessary Business of censuring thirty or forty such wise Men, who, by their Seccession, have only subjected and exposed themselves to the Weight and Odium of the heaviest Imputations; and, at this important Juncture, to foment intestine Struggles, which no Man could foresee when and where they must end?' And which perhaps was the very Thing these thirty or forty wise Men ardently wished for, and are not a little chagrined to find themselves disappointed.

Their facetious Leader, the Honourable Person 'so deservedly placed at the Head of this notable Project,' has done well to promise, — 'to take a proper Opportunity to vindicate himself and his Followers, and to make the People understand the Reasonableness of their late Conduct.'

He must know, that this is what their Constituents, and the whole Nation, expect and demand of them.

The Author of *The Fitness, &c.* has, in some Measure, chalk'd out to this Projector the only plausible Defence that can be made for them, viz. 'That there were no Hopes, no Prospect to serve their Country.' — And, 'That their Seccession has been greatly instrumental to compel the Ministry 'to pursue right Measures.'

But let him not think, that such weak Pretences, which every Man of an ordinary Understanding must see through and despise, will make their Conduct appear reasonable, or worthy either of wise or of honest Men.

No; their Friend the *Dissertator* had Penetration enough to see the wild, destructive Project they had rashly engaged in; destructive indeed to themselves, but not in the least likely to be so to any Body else; and, tho' he could not but condemn their Conduct, he was willing to bring them off in the best Manner it could possibly be done: And, as he could not but earnestly desire to see them return to their Stations, so he was under a Necessity of making use of such Reasons and Arguments to persuade them to it, as, I will venture to say, there is not one Man, who has read them, but confesses they are unanswerable, and must leave an undelible Blot on the Conduct and Character of the thirty or forty wise Men.

If, therefore, the Projector has the least Hopes, or any real Design, 'to make their Conduct appear reasonable to the People,' let him give a clear and distinct Answer to those Reasons which the Author of *The Fitness, &c.* has urged, to shew the Illegality and Enormity of their Detestation.

If he dares not attempt this, their Constituents, and the whole Nation, must be persuaded, that he is conscious to himself their Conduct will admit of no reasonable Vindication.

## FOREIGN PORTS.

Leghorn, April 6. N. S. On the 30th ult. arrived the Fortune, Hallwood, from Lisbon; and the Dragon, Bell, from London: On the 1st of April, the Rose, Wood, from Tunis; the St. George, Jolly, from London; the Wiltshire, Brown, from London; and the St. Michael, Dunn, from Dublin: On the 2d, the Delitia, Whitwood, from Alexandria: On the 3d, the Neptune, Lynn, from Santa Cruz in Barbary; and the Dispatch, Cole, from Ancona: On the 5th, the Phenix, Rook, from Smyrna: On the 1st Instant sailed the Seaflower, Robinson, for Barcelona: On the 3d, the Charming Polly, Simmons, for Gibraltar: On the 4th, the Friendship, Barler, for Palermo; and the Marlborough, Watts, for Spain.

Cadiz, March 31. N. S. On the 23d arrived the St. Lewis, Brownell, from Ostend; the Ellis, French, from Corunna; and the Bachelor, Rice, from Hamburg: On the 24th, the Margaret, Cooper; the Newfoundland, Bransome; and the Swan, Selew, from Bilbao; and the Princess of Brazil, Guiston, from London: On the 25th, the Mermaid, Moriarty,

from St. Sebastian's; and the Ellen, Phelan, from Dublin: On the 26th, the William and Lewis, Taylor, from Lynn Regis; the Charming Betty, Drury, from Hull; the Parience, Bodin, from Falmouth; the Happy George, Watson, from London; and the Lyon, Sweetman, from Gibraltar: On the 29th, the Mary, Morris, from London: On the 23d, sailed the Molly, Warriner: On the 24th, the Success, Nicholson, for Seville: On the 30th, the St. Thomas, Hayden, for Genoa; the Speedwell, Ivey, for London; and the Union, Ahier, for the North.

## HOME PORTS.

Mountbay, April 9. Saturday In the Afternoon came into this Pier the Delight, Somers, of Ilfracombe, from London for this Place.

Weymouth, April 11. The Ships mention'd in my last tailed Yesterday. Came to an Anchor in Portland Road the Amoretta of Perth, Wood, from Lisbon for Dantzick: Wind N.

Pool, April 11. Sailed the Samuel and Dove, Elmes; the Endeavour, Smith; the Mary, Mackrell; and the Friend's Adventure, Wallis, all for Newfoundland; and the John and Bersey, Jones, for Oporto. Wind N. E.

Cowes, April 11. On the 10th came in the Ringwood, Whitaker, from St. Lucar for this Place and Hamburg: On the 11th came in the St. Andrew, Proud, from South Carolina for this Place. Wind N. E.

Portsmouth, April 12. This Morning arriv'd the Newcastle Man of War, Capt. Baker, from Lisbon.

Deal, April 12. Wind S. W. The Wilmington, Massey, and the other homeward-bound Ships, are sailed for the River. Remain the Five Men of War. Put back the Essex, Cock, for Maryland. Arrived the Carolina, Gill, from New York.

Arrived at several Ports.

The Neptune, Linderfon, from Bruges at St. Sebastian's.

The John, Ellis, from Lisbon, and the —, William Combe, from Hull, at Riga.

## L O N D O N.

Last Night arriv'd a Mail from Holland.

The Court of Petersburg has receiv'd Advice from the Frontiers of the Ukraine, that the Crim Tartars advanced in great Numbers towards their Frontiers; but finding them every-where guarded, they retr'd. 'Tis determin'd that the Grand Army of Russia shall assemble under the Command of the Count de Munich on the Side of Kiow upon the Frontiers of Poland; and that while the Troops are marching for that Purpose to the general Rendezvous, the Count de Biron is to march with a flying Camp towards the Bog.

They write from Vienna, that General Diemar, in a late private Audience of the Emperor, obtain'd Leave to quit his Service for that of the King of Sweden; and 'tis said that he will come to London with the Character of Envoy from his Swedish Majesty. All the Troops in Hungary were to set out from their Quarters towards Belgrade on the 28th ult. O. S. in order to form the Grand Army under the Velt Marshal de Wallis, who, after two Days Stay at Presburg, proceeded likewise for Belgrade, with an unlimited Power to act in the Field as he shall judge proper. Besides the Main Body, there is to be another of 15 or 20,000 Men in the Banate of Temeswaer, which, 'tis thought, will be commanded by the Count de Neuperg. — They write from this last Place, That the Turks threaten to attack it, and are, for that Purpose, bringing a considerable Train of Artillery together near Meadia.

Advices from Croatia say, that a Detachment of 200 Germans that guarded a Post on the Frontiers of that Province, had been attacked and defeated by 3000 Turks. 'Tis confirmed, that the People of Albania, and their Neighbours of the Clementine, have revolted from the Port to put themselves under the Protection of the Emperor.

The King and Queen of Poland are returned from Warsaw to Dresden.

The Baron de Goltz, Lieutenant General of the Foot, Commandant of Magdebourg, and a Knight of the King of Prussia's Orders, died the 28th ult. O. S. aged 70.

They



They write from Madrid, that the Men of War which were equipping at Cadiz are laid up, and that the King had issued an Edict for deferring the Payment of the Assignments upon the Royal Funds which were payable in the Course of this Year, and the Beginning of the next, with a Promise of 3 l. per Cent. Interest till the Principal is paid off.

Yesterday arrived the Mail due from France, with the Paris Letter of Saturday last, which says, that on the 1st Instant died, aged 84, M. de Tresmes, Duke de Gelvres, Peer of France, a Knight of the King's Orders, first Gentleman of the Bed-chamber to his Majesty, a Brigadier of his Armies, and Governor of Paris, &c. That a Fort is erecting at Compiègne, which is to be besieged, both by Land and Water, to shew the Dauphin, next Summer when he goes into that Country, the Operations of a Siege, and a Company of Foot Soldiers is to attend there to carry the Façades to it; and that they hear that the Marquis de Maillebois is arrived in Corsica.

Wednesday last was fix'd for proclaiming at Paris the Peace with the Emperor. The Procession was to be led up by the Inspector of the Police, attended by a Kettle Drum and Trumpets; a Colonel and the City Archers, with their Drums, Fifes and Hautboys; the commanding Officer of the Foot and Horse Watch; the Beadles of the Chatelet, and those of the City; 37 Instruments of Musick belonging to the King's Chamber; 6 Heralds at Arms; the Lieutenant General de Police; the Lieutenant Criminal; the Provost des Merchants, and the Officers of Justice, &c. And the March will be closed by a Detachment of the Horse Watch.

The —, Arnold, from London for Newcastle, is lost in Yarmouth Roads; out of 17 Men only 3 were saved.

Last Saturday Richard Turpin, the notorious Robber, who was once so formidable in the Roads of Essex and the neighbouring Counties, was executed at York, together with John Stead, another of the Malefactors condemn'd at the late Assizes there. They both behaved decently, and (Stead in particular) appeared very penitent. Turpin confess'd himself to be really the Man so infamous for his Robberies in the South Part of England, tho' he denied many Facts father'd on him in the publick Prints. When he came to the Place of Execution, he stripp'd off his Cloaths, and dress'd himself in a Suit of white Dimittie, talk'd a good while to the Gaoler and Spectators, and desired some of his Friends (who came out of Essex, and attended him as Mourners) to take Care of the decent Interrment of his Body; which was done accordingly the same Evening. We hear that his Trial, which was taken down in Short-Hand, will soon be published.

Yesterday the Right Hon. Stephen Poyntz, Esq; Governor to his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, who has been greatly indisposed for some time past at his Seat in Berkshire, came to Town with his Lady to his Apartment at St. James's. He afterwards waited on his Majesty, and was most graciously received.

| High Water this Day | Morning | Evening |
|---------------------|---------|---------|
| at London Bridge    | 6 3 21  | 03 40   |

Bank Stock 145 5 8ths India 169 3 4ths South Sea 101. Old Annuity 115 5 8ths New Ditto 111 3 4ths 7 8ths. Three per Cent 106 1 8th. Seven per Cent. Loan 110 7 8ths. Five per Cent. ditto 93 3 8ths. Royal Assurance 102 1 4th. London Assurance 13. African 13 1 1/4. India Bonds 61. 16 s. Premium. South Sea ditto 21. 9 s. Prem. Bank Circulation 21. 15 s. Premium. Salt Tallow 1-half to 2 Prem. English Copper 31. 5 s. Welsh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 5 7 8ths per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 5 8ths per Cent. Premium. Million Bank 124

**THE Commissioners of Sewers for cleansing the River Thames from Esher Mill in the County of Bucks, to Doncaster, in the County of Oxford, will hold their next Court of Sewers on Thursday the 26th Day of this Inst. April, at Mr Green's, being the White Hart Inn at Wheatley, in the said County of Oxford, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon of the same Day.**

Tho. Prickett, Clk. Com.

**This Day is Published,**  
(Price SIX PENCE)

**AN Appeal to the Unprejudiced, concerning the present Discontents occasioned by the late Convention with Spain.**  
Printed for T. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row.

**This Day is published,**  
**The SIXTH EDITION, of,**  
**The FREEHOLDER; OR Political Essays.**  
Written by  
**The late Right Hon. JOSEPH ADDISON, Esq.**  
Printed for J. and R. TOWSON in the Strand.

**To be SOLD,**  
By the Assignees under a Commission of Bankrupt lately awarded against John Rowell, the younger, late of Peterborough in the County of Northampton, Merchant, a Bankrupt, for the Term of the said Bankrupt's Life, **Several Freehold and Copyhold Estates** in and near Peterborough aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of 150 l. or thereabouts.  
Particulars may be had of Mr. Greene, Cornfactor at Bearkey, one of the Assignees; of Mr. Richardson, Attorney, in Crane Court, Fleet-street, London; and of Mr. Strong at Peterborough.

**MR. DRAKE, of YORK, thinks** proper to give this Notice to such of his Subscribers to his History of that City, who have not yet got their Books, to send their Receipts, and Second Subscriptions, to Mr. Bowyer, Printer in White-Fryars, London, or to Mess Ward and Chandler, Bookellers at the Ship without Temple-Bar, and in Coney-street, York, and at Scarborough Spaw, at or before Midsummer next; for from that Time none of the few remaining Copies will be disposed of under Three Guineas in Sheets.

**Next Week will be publish'd,**  
(Price SIX PENCE)

**THE TRIAL of John Palmer, alias Richard Turpin, at the Assizes held at the Castle of York, on the 22d Day of March, 1739, before the Hon. Sir WILLIAM CHAFFLE, Kt. Judge of the Assize, and one of his Majesty's Justices of the Court of King's Bench.**

Taken down in Court, by Mr. Thomas Kyll, Professor of Short-Hand: With the Examination of Mr. James Smith and Mr. Edward Saward, upon Oath, who came from Essex, to prove the said John Palmer to be the notorious Turpin; with his Defence at his Trial.

To which is added, an exact Account of the said Turpin, from the Time of his first coming to settle in Yorkshire, to the Time of his being apprehended and committed to York-Castle, communicated to the Publisher by Mr. ROBERT APFLETON, of Beverley, Clerk of the Peace for the East Riding of the said County.

With his Behaviour and Confession, at the Place of Execution, on Saturday the 7th of April 1739. At which Time he declar'd himself to be the same Richard Turpin, for whom the Reward was offer'd by Proclamation; also a Copy of a Letter from his Father to him, while under Sentence of Death.

**YORK:** Printed by WARD and CHANDLER, Bookellers at their Printing-Office in Coney-street; and Sold at their Shop without Temple-Bar, London.

**This Day is published,**  
Printed for RICHARD WARE, at the Bible and Sun, Amen-Corner, in Warwick-Lane.

(Price One Shilling)  
The Twenty-fourth Edition, (To which is now added, an Appendix, containing many additional Lessons in Prose and Verse; first in Words of one Syllable only, and then mix'd with Words of two, three, four, five, six, and seven Syllables,) of

**DYCHE'S GUIDE to the ENGLISH TONGUE.** In Two Parts. The First, proper for Beginners; shewing a natural and easy Method to pronounce and express both common Words and proper Names; in which particular Care is had to shew the Accent for preventing vicious Pronunciation. The Second, for such as are advanced to some Ripeness of Judgment; containing Observations on the Sounds of Letters and Diphthongs Rules for the true Divisions of Syllables, and the Use of Capitals, Stops, and Marks; with large Tables of Abbreviations and Distinctions of Words, and several Alphabets of Copies for young Writers.

Where may be had the following Books by the same AUTHOR,

2. A Spelling Dictionary: or, A Collection of all the Common Words and Proper Names of Persons and Places, made use of in the English Tongue. Carefully compared with the Original Languages, from whence they are derived, and marked, as they are to be pronounced; whereby Persons of the meanest Capacity may attain to Spell and Write English true and correctly. The 4th Edition, corrected, with large Additions. Price 1 s. 6 d. or both bound together 2 s. 6 d.

3. The Fables of Phædrus (who was made a Denizen of Rome by Augustus Cæsar) under the following Heads, viz. The Weakest goes to the Wall; Chase the least Evil; be content in your Station; All covet, all lose; Keep not too great Company, &c. Render'd into familiar English. The Second Edition, pr. 1 s.

4. The Youth's Guide to the Latin Tongue; or, An Explication of Propria quæ Maribus, Quæ Genus, and As in Presenti; wherein the Rules are made plain and easy to the Capacity of young Learners. The Third Edition. Pr. 1 s.

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**BALSAMICK STYPTICK.**  
Truly prepared and sold at the Doctor's late Dwelling House, now Mr. DUTTON's in Salisbury Court, Fleet-street.

**THIS Medicine restrains in a most** surprising Manner, all internal as well as external Hemorrhages, i. e. it infallibly and quickly stops all dangerous Bleedings at the Nose or Gums, spitting or vomiting Blood; also the immoderate Flux of the Hemorrhoides or Menes; bloody Urine or Stools, bleeding of large Wounds, &c. (it is used according to the plain Directions given with it) as will appear by the Certificates of several Eminent Physicians, and in the large Account of this Medicine, written by the Doctor himself, and dedicated to the College of Physicians, a little before his Death.

It keeps good for many Years, at Sea or on Shore, at Home or Abroad, i. e. in all Climates, therefore must be universally Useful.

The Doctor not only obtained his Majesty's Letters Patent for the sole Vending of this most Excellent Medicine; but also a Clause in a late Act of Parliament, exempting this Medicine from the Inspection of the Censors of the College of Physicians, to which all other Medicines are liable.

N. B. Some of the Apothecaries prepare a Styptic from a Prescription of Helvetius, and use it in the Room of Dr. Eaton's; but whoever tries both, will soon be persuaded that Our's exceeds theirs in all Respects, in a most eminent Degree.

Sold, by Licence, at Garraway's Old Shop, Practical Science, at the Royal Exchange; Mr. R. Bradshaw's Warehouse behind the Royal Exchange; Mr. John Potter, Chymist, in Bartholomew Close; Mr. William Evans, Bookeller, in Brims; Mr. Hammond, Jun. Bookeller, at York; Mr. Roe, Bookeller, in D-rby; Mr. Raikes, Printer, in Gloucester; Mr. Drey Printer, in Northampton; Mr. Thomas Greenhill, Mercer, at Bath; Mr. Abree, Printer, at Canterbury; Mr. Howard, an Apothecary, at Kidderminster; Mrs. Trobridge, a Shop-keeper, in Exeter; Mr. Hallifax, an Apothecary, at Brackley; Mrs. Unett, a Bookeller, at Wolverhampton; and Mr. Bryan, a Printer, at Worcester.

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It gives an inexpressible fine Air to the Features of the Face on the Spot, and a surprising Handiness to the Neck and Hands, which it immediately makes exceedingly smooth, fine, and delicately white.

Nothing in the World can sooner or more certainly take away all disagreeable Redness, Spots, Pimples, Measles, Roughness, Morpew, Worms in the Face, Marks of the Small Pox, Sun-burn, or any other Discolouring, nor remove all Wrinkles so perfectly, for it quickly makes the Skin become so incomparably fine, clear, plump, soft, and beautifully fair, as to cause Admiration in the Beholders.

It really gives a most engaging resplendent Brightness to the whole Countenance, and causes sparkling Life, Spirit, a juvenile Bloom to reign in every Feature, and yet is nothing of Paint, but far exceeds it, by its bringing the Skin, whether of the Face, Neck, or Hands, and the brown, red or rough, to a natural, youthful Fairness, Smoothness, and most charming Delicacy, which Paint only faintly imitates; neither is this ROYAL BEAUTIFYER prepared from the least Particle of Mercury, or any Thing Metaline, but is perfectly harmless and may be given inwardly even to Children. It has also a pleasant Scent, will not soil the finest Lawn, and is very agreeable to use.

But these its admirable Properties, by which it vastly exceeds any Thing whatever for the like Purpose, have occasioned many to imitate it under various other Names, beware therefore of such Impositions, the true ROYAL BEAUTIFYING FLUID, that has given such universal Satisfaction to so many Ladies of Distinction, being only to be had at Mr. Radford's Toyshop above-mentioned at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle with Directions and no where else in England.

**An Infallible and Instant Cure**  
For DEAFNESS, THICKNESS of HEARING, PAIN or NOISE in the EARS, &c. by the true Chymical Specifick DROPS.

**WHICH infinitely excel all other Me-** ever offer'd to the Publick, or known in the whole World, for they directly cure Deafness, be it ever so bad, and all Thickness of Hearing and Noise in the Ears, almost at once, and after all other Means have failed, and without Trouble, or the least Uneasiness whatever, as many Thousands have experienced.

They effectually remove all Pain occasion'd by Cold, Strengthens the Tympanum or Drum of the Ear, free the auditory Nerve from Obstruction, and remedy all Defects of the Hearing Faculty, almost in an Instant, causing those to hear exceeding quick and well, who before were in a Manner totally Deaf.

Hundreds who were so very bad, as not able to hear a Drum when beat close by them, and therefore depriv'd of being ever relieved, have been quickly and perfectly cured by them, to their great Joy and Admiration.

In a Word, nothing in Nature can come near them for the certain and almost immediate Cure of DEAFNESS, proceeding from what Cause soever; but the great Esteem and Reputation they have justly gained for many Years past, have occasion'd (as usual in such Cases) many Counterfeits to come abroad; beware therefore of such Impositions, these excellent and only true Specifick Drops being to be had only, by the Author's Appointment, of the Gentleman at the two Blue Posts in Haydon-Yard, in the Minories, 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions, and no where else in England.